

Visualization on Mistral

Workflow, applications, future plans

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Hardware

- 12(24) nodes with 2x12 core Haswell CPUs
- 256 GB main memory
- Two Kepler GPUs
- Regular mistral nodes with XAS software tree:
 - avizo/9.0.1
 - paraview/4.3.1
 - simvis/3.4.4
 - vapor/2.4
 - idl/8.5
 - ncl/6.2.1
 - grads/2.0.2
 - ferret/6.9.3
 - gmt/5.1.2

Documentation

How to get a user account

Mistral

Blizzard

Wizard

HPSS tape archive

Data Processing

Visualization

Software

Visualization on Mistral

Remote3D

Filesystems

Cloud Storage

Training


FAQs & known issues

Seminar Rooms

IMDI

Terms of use

News


 Kick-off for ESIWACE and ESCAPE

Sep 29, 2015

 Allocations 2016

- request resources

Sep 18, 2015

 DKRZ@ISC'15

Jul 13, 2015

 DKK publishes

"Prospects for

climate research"

Jun 10, 2015

More news...

Home → User Portal → Documentation → Visualization → Visualization on Mistral

Visualization on Mistral

Our new supercomputer Mistral has 12 GPU nodes, which can be used for 3D visualization, data analysis, and pre/post processing of data. This website explains how to reserve and access a GPU node, and how to run the 3D visualization software for the analysis of your data.

Access and reservation of a GPU node

Our supercomputer Mistral includes 12 GPU nodes with four GPUs in each node. Unlike the nodes in our [visualization cluster Halo](#), these nodes are equipped with the same hard and software.

While we might later switch back to our web-based reservation system, currently the reservation has to be done by hand using a console on one of Mistral's login nodes. Furthermore, the vncserver has to be started by hand, as well as cleaned up after your work is done. To access Mistral, simply ssh into the machine.

```
somewhere:-> ssh user_name@mistral.dkrz.de
```

On Mistral, we have to allocate a GPU node. This is done using the SLURM command "salloc", in which you have to provide your account group ("-A <your project id>"), the number of nodes ("-N 1"), the maximum number of parallel tasks ("-n 24"), as well as the node type ("-p gpu"). Currently, the maximum time allowed is 4 hours and is set automatically. More information on SLURM and salloc can be found in our [SLURM documentation](#).

After login to Mistral, you can allocate a GPU node and automatically ssh into the node reserved.

```
mistral:-> salloc -N 1 -n 24 -p gpu -A <project> -- /bin/bash -c 'ssh -X $SLURM_JOB_NODELIST'
salloc: Granted job allocation 284896

user_name@mg100's password:
```

Now you can start a VNC server to connect to the virtual desktop.

```
mg100:-> /opt/TurboVNC/bin/vncserver -geometry 1920x1200
Desktop 'TurboVNC: mg100:1 (user_name)' started on display mg100:1
```

At the first time, you have to supply a password that you later need to access your VNC session remotely. If everything is set, start a vncviewer in the console on your home computer, or using the gui of an application.

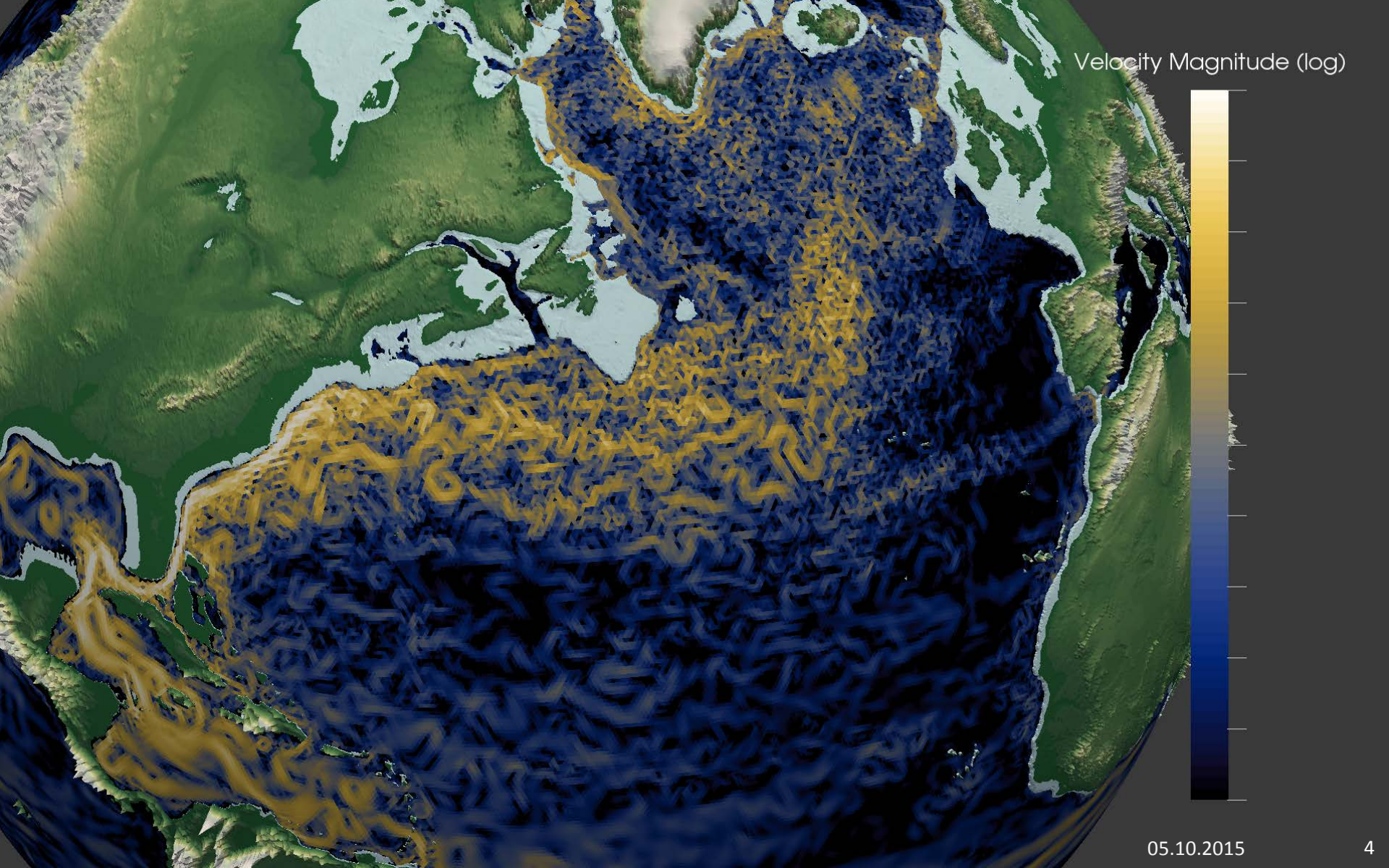
```
somewhere:-> vncviewer mg100.dkrz.de:1
```

After you are done with your work, please stop the VNC server and clean up the node.

```
mg100:-> /opt/TurboVNC/bin/vncserver -kill :1
```

Running visualization applications

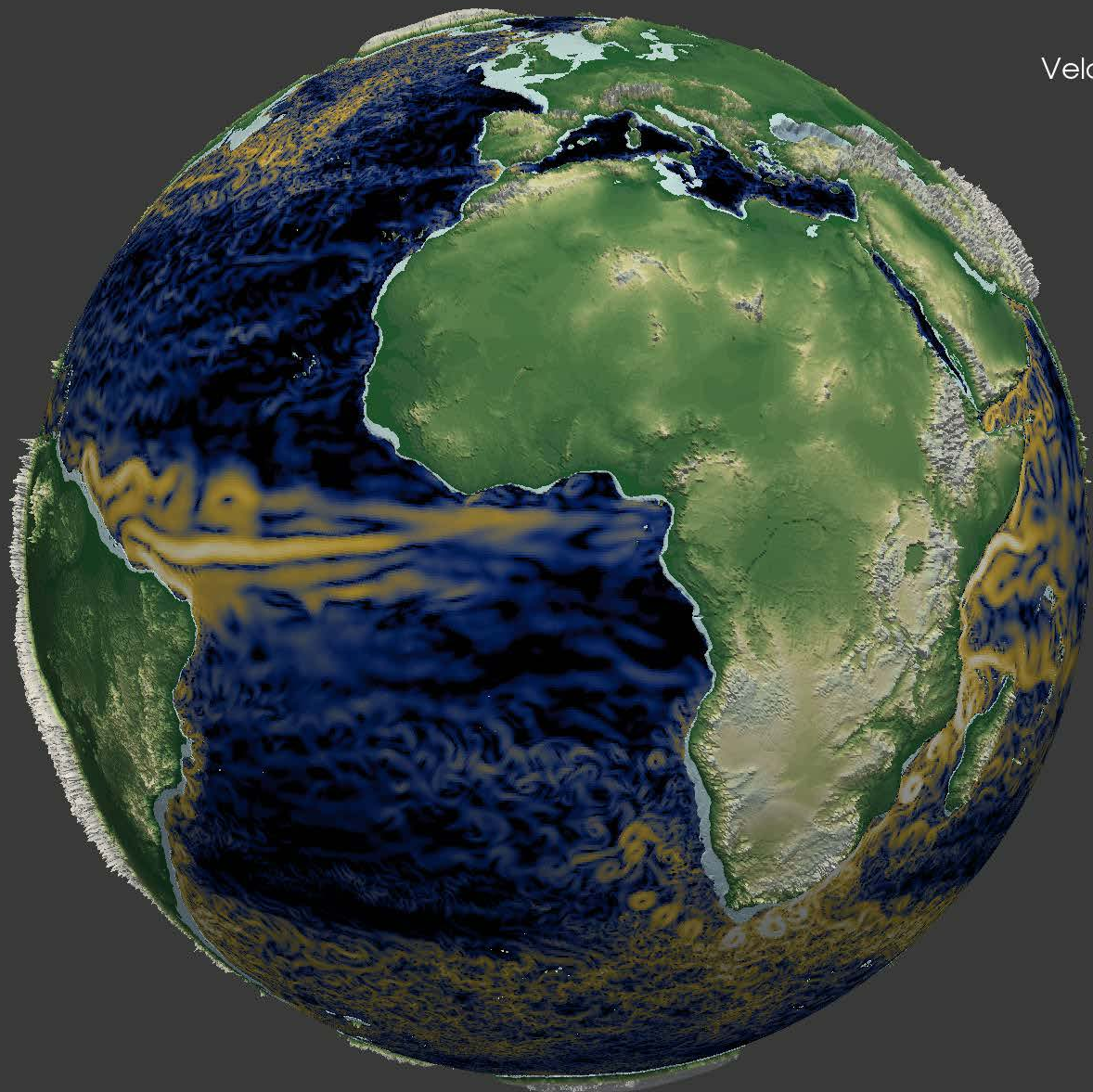
Now a window opens, showing you the virtual X11 session that is running on your GPU node. On Mistral, all our visualization software is made available using modules. The command



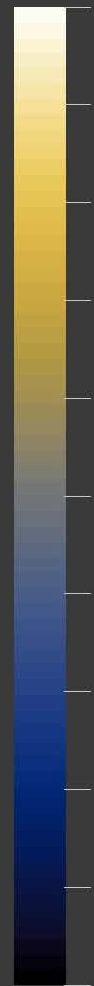
Velocity Magnitude (log)

05.10.2015

4



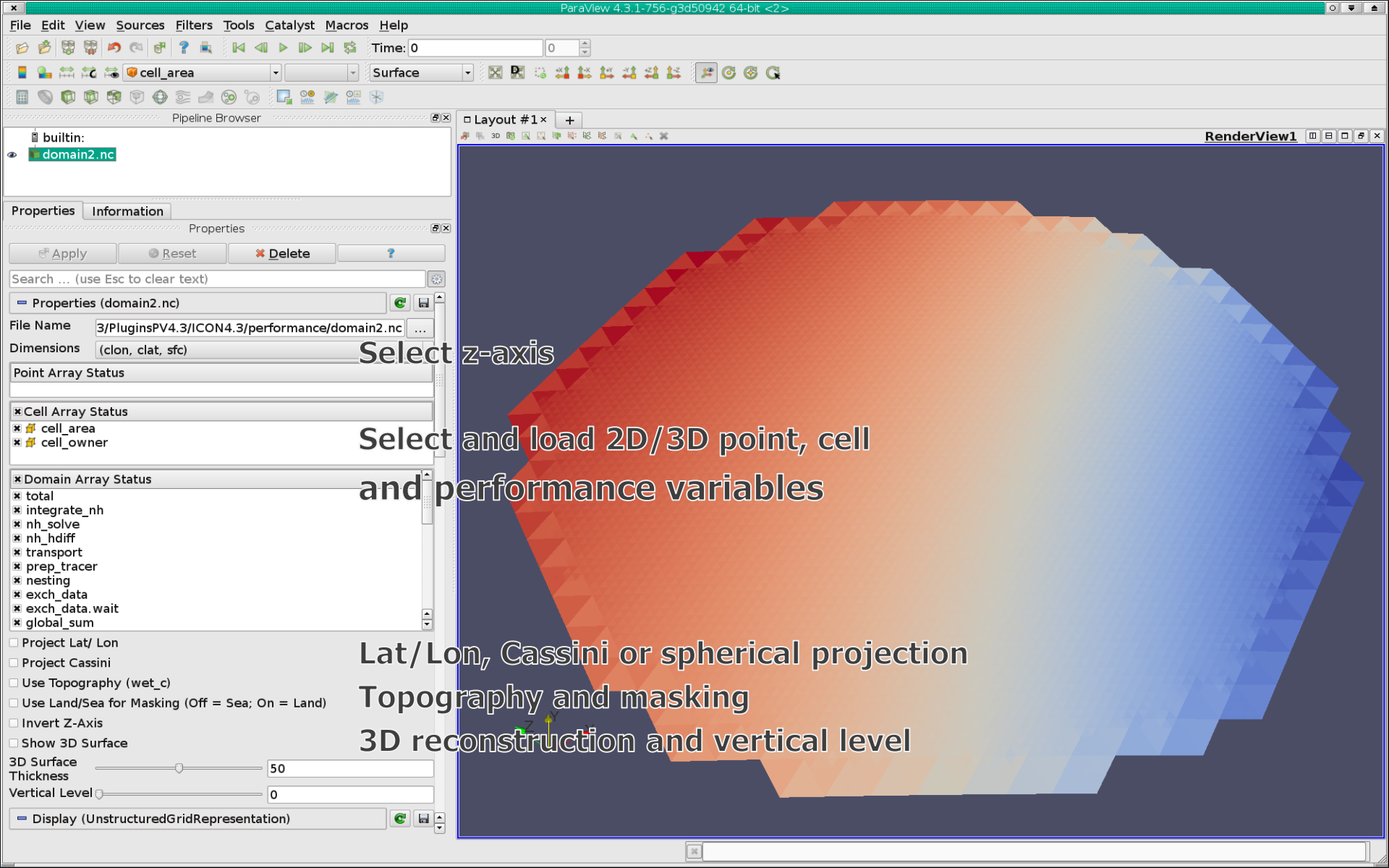
Velocity Magnitude (log)



05.10.2015

vtkCDIReader

- Reads ICON/CDI netCDF data
- 2D/3D cell/point data on all levels (depth, depth_2, ...)
- Runs in Client/Server mode
- 3D reconstruction with correct layer thickness
- Spherical, Lon/Lat and Cassini projection
- Bathymetry masking (wet_c) and earth topography
- Visualization of performance data
- Plugin submitted to Kitware for official integration



Select z-axis

Select and load 2D/3D point, cell
and performance variables

Lat/Lon, Cassini or spherical projection

Topography and masking

3D reconstruction and vertical level

Visualization of performance data

- ICON data with cell/point variables **and** performance data
- Select interesting areas and display results using parallel coordinates view
- Integrated into vtkCDIReader
- Requires domain decomposition and performance data

Next Slides:

HDCP2 Example (350.000 cells; 512 processors)



Pipeline Browser

- builtin:
 - coastlines.vtk
 - clouds_dom1b.nc
 - Sphere1
 - TextureMaptoSphere1
 - land_dom1.nc
 - phy_dom1.nc
 - prog_dom1.nc
 - Threshold1
 - publ_dom1.nc

Properties Information

Properties

Apply Reset Delete ?

Search ... (use Esc to clear text)

Cell Array Status

- tqc_dia
- tqj_dia
- rain_gsp
- snow_gsp
- rain_con
- snow_con
- graupel_gsp
- ice_gsp
- hail_gsp
- tot_prec

Domain Array Status

- total
- integrate_nh
- nh_solve
- nh_hdiff
- transport
- prep_tracer
- nesting
- exch_data
- global_sum
- ordglib_sum

Project Lat/ Lon

Project Cassini

Use Topography (wet_c)

Use Land/Sea for Masking (Off = Sea, On = Land)

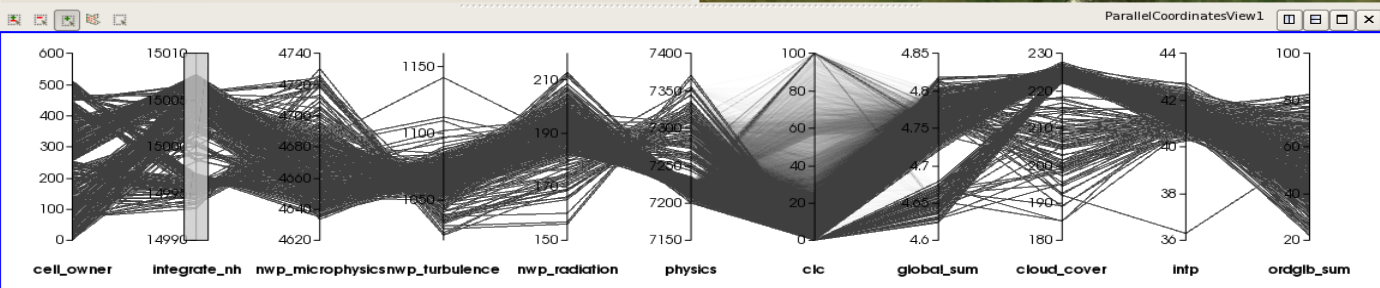
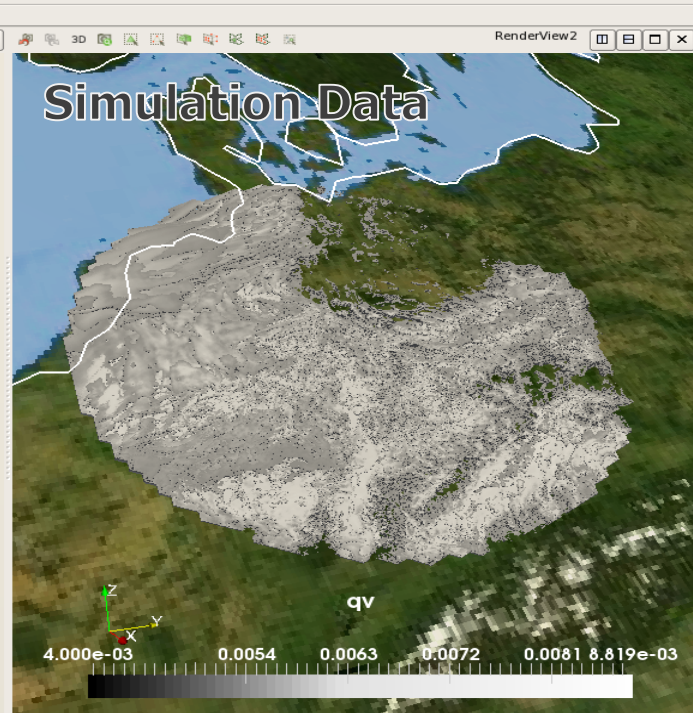
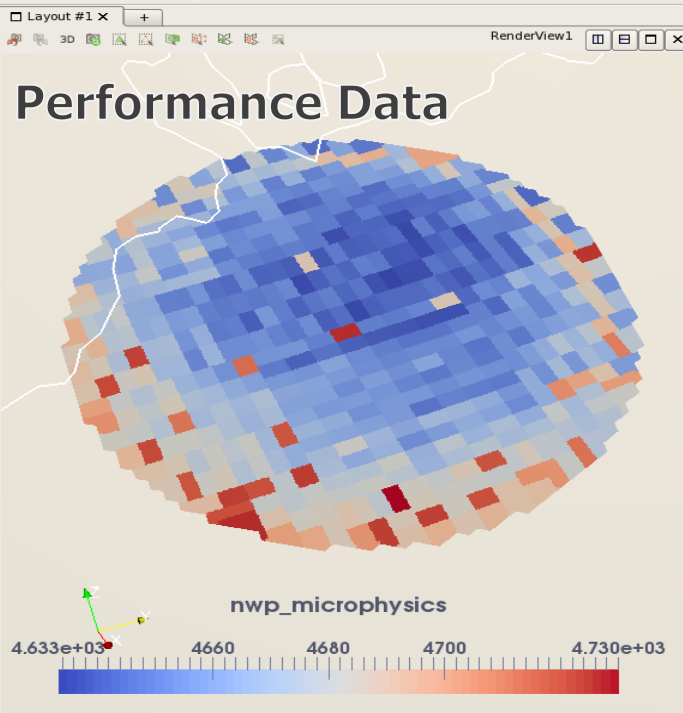
Invert Z-Axis

Show 3D Surface

3D Surface Thickness: 50

Vertical Level: 38

Display (ParallelCoordinatesRepresentation)





Pipeline Browser

- builtin:
 - coastlines.vtk
 - clouds_dom1b.nc
 - Sphere1

Color Map Editor

Search ... (use Esc to clear text)

Interpret Values As Categories

Mapping Data

Properties Information

Apply Reset Delete ?

Search ... (use Esc to clear text)

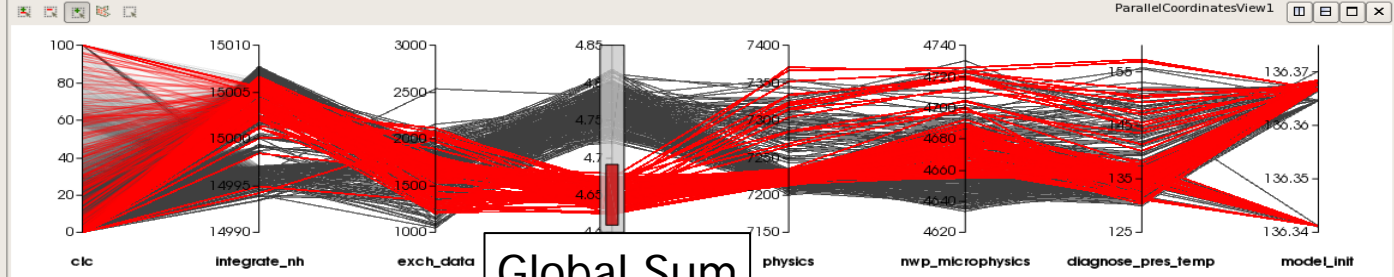
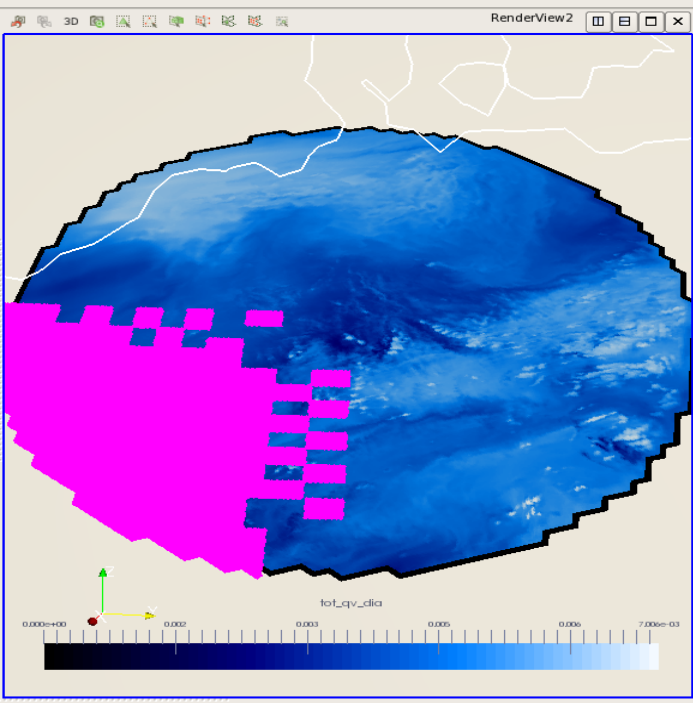
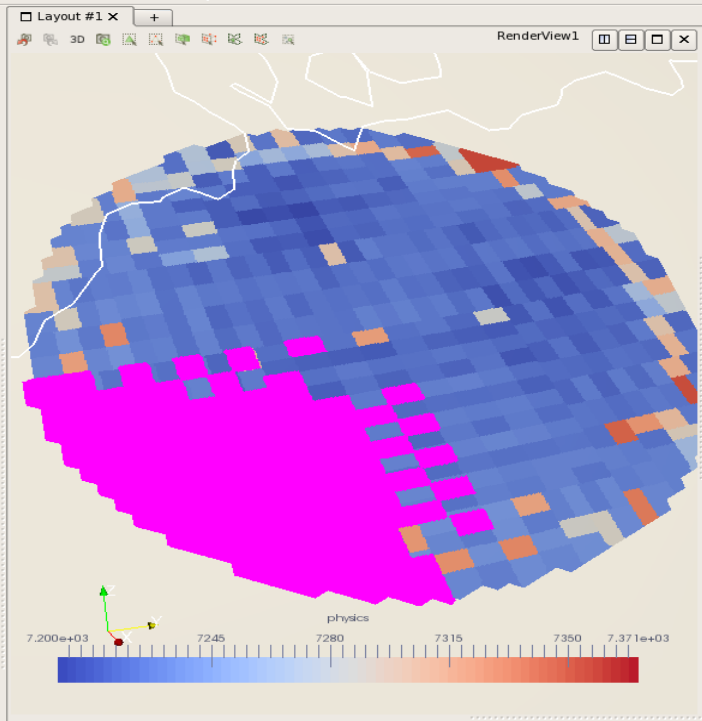
Cell Array Status

- cell_owner
- clc
- tot_qv_dia
- tot_qc_dia
- tot_qi_dia
- con_prec_rate_avg
- gsp_prec_rate_avg
- cape
- clct
- clct_mod

Domain Array Status

- total
- integrate_nh
- nh_solve
- nh_hdiff
- transport
- prep_tracer
- nesting
- exch_data
- global_sum
- ordgls_sum
- wrt_output

Project Lat/ Lon



InSitu with ParaView/Catalyst

- In-situ (co)processing/visualization using Catalyst extension
- Adaptor required that connects ICON (model) and Catalyst
- Two possibilities for co-processing:
 - Batch-visualization using pre-defined Python scripts
 - Live visualization within a client/server setting
- In development (very simple demo using ICON ocean model)

ICON extension for Vapor

- Vapor developed at NCAR (open source)
- Supports wavelet compression and LoD rendering for very large (regular) data sets
- Extension for ICON/MPAS data available
 - Currently only with fast on-the-fly resampling to regular grid
 - Next year:
 - Visualization on native ICON/MPAS grid
 - Wavelet compression for ICON/MPAS data

Next Slides:

- ICON HDCP2 (1.3 million cells, CL)
- ICON HDCP2 (350 million cells, CLW)

File Edit Data Capture Help

Modes: Navigation 0 Visualizer No. 0 Align View teractive Refinement:

ntours 2D Image Probe Iso Flow DVR <

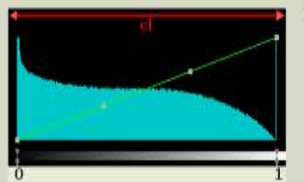
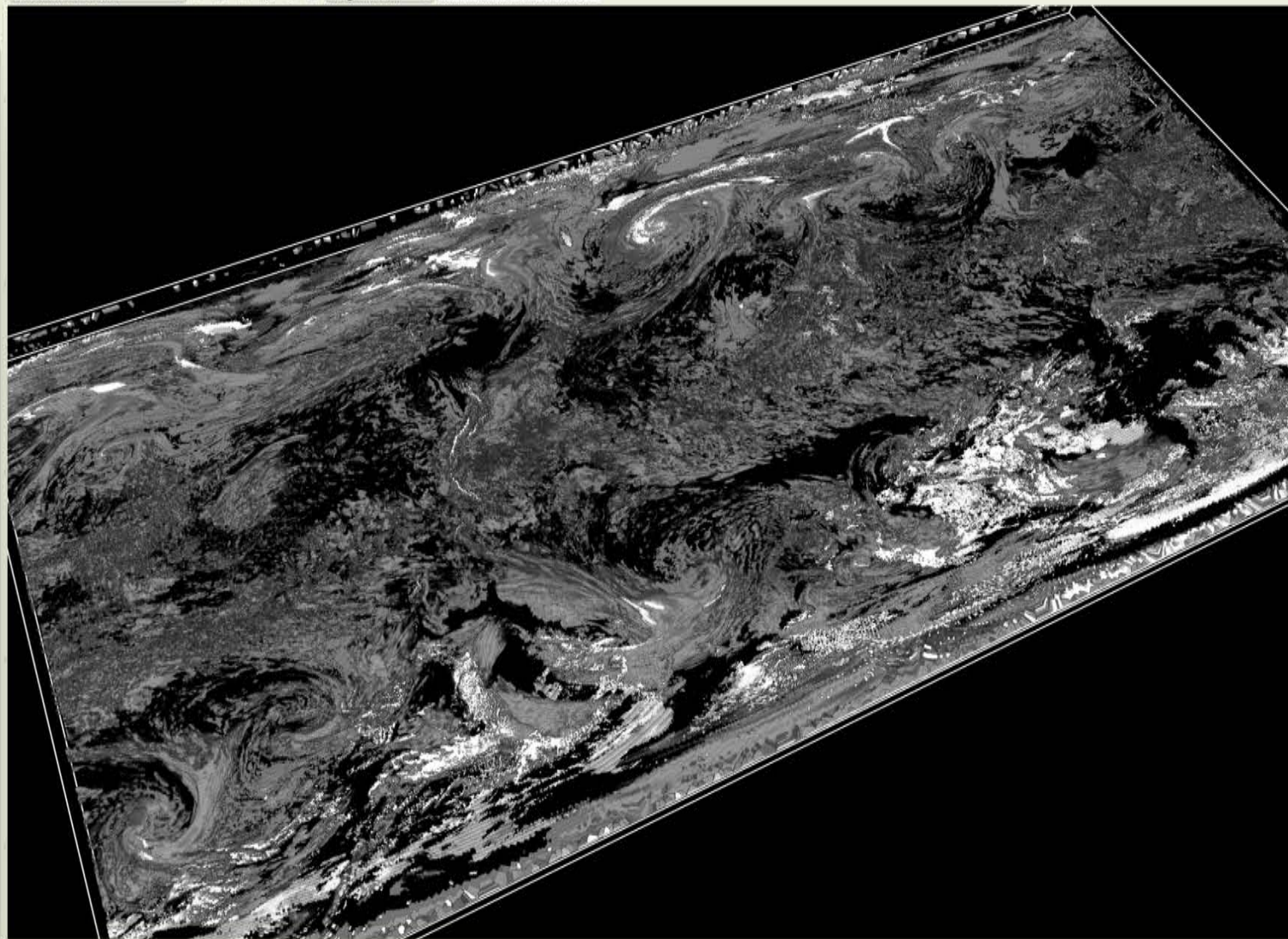
Renderer Control

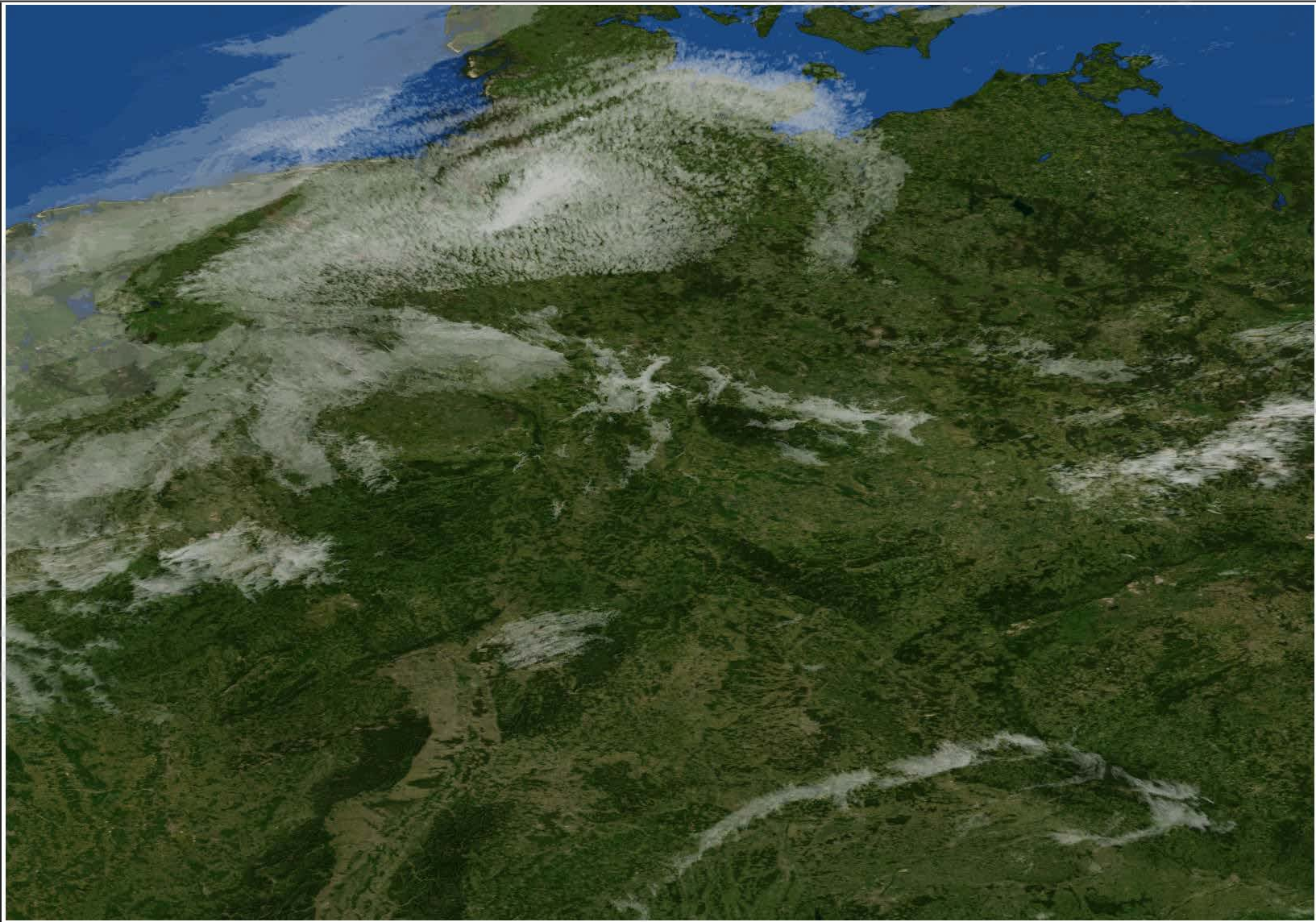
Instance View Insta... Duplicate In: Set Default Fidelity Fidelity .. highLOD 1:1 Refinement 0 Variable cl nderer Ty| 3DTextun

Color Selector

Hue: Red: Sat: reen: Val: Blue:

Transfer Function Editor

  Discrete Color Map0 TF Domain Bounds 10 Data Bounds 1 Bits per voxel 8 Histo scale 1 Lighting On Pre-integration On



Help and Assistance

- DKRZ Website (www.dkrz.de/Nutzerportal-en/doku/vis)
- Tutorials & lectures (Avizo, NCL, ParaView, Vapor)